# SeceuroSense Control Unit Photocell Compatible

Easy Setup Guide



## Looking for a quick setup guide?

There is lots of useful information in this book, but if all you are after is quick set up look for the following headings:

- Setting limits
- Powering the board up
- Pairing the bottom slat transmitter
- Adding a transmitter
- Ground exclusion

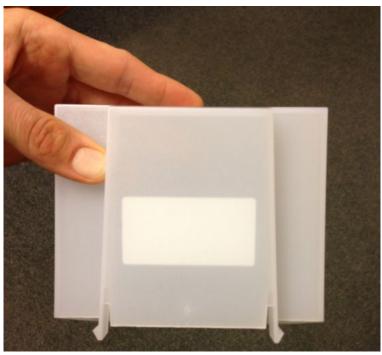


### Removing the Light Cover

The light cover has two notches to ensure a tight fit, essential to protect the user from 240 volts.

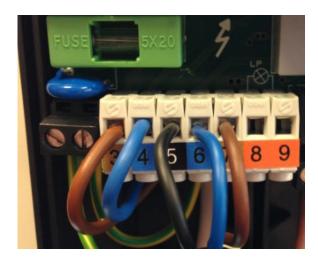
- Use both hands to push in the notched plastic on the left and right of the light
- Lift upwards NOT towards you
- Remove the two top screws
- Remove the plastic fascia at the bottom of the unit (pull it towards you) remove the bottom two screws
- Remove the grey cover and the ribbon cable





### Connecting the Motor Cable

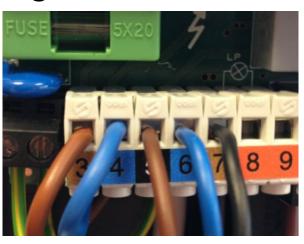
#### **Left Hand Motor**



**NOTE:** First operation of the garage door is always in the up direction.

If the door is travelling in the wrong direction - **Black** and **Brown** swap them round!

#### **Right Hand Motor**



Motor/ controller connections







# So.....board has power, limits have been set, now what?

3 very simple tasks!

- 1) Set limits (if not already done)
- 2) Pair the bottom slat transmitter to the receiver.
- 3) Code handsets



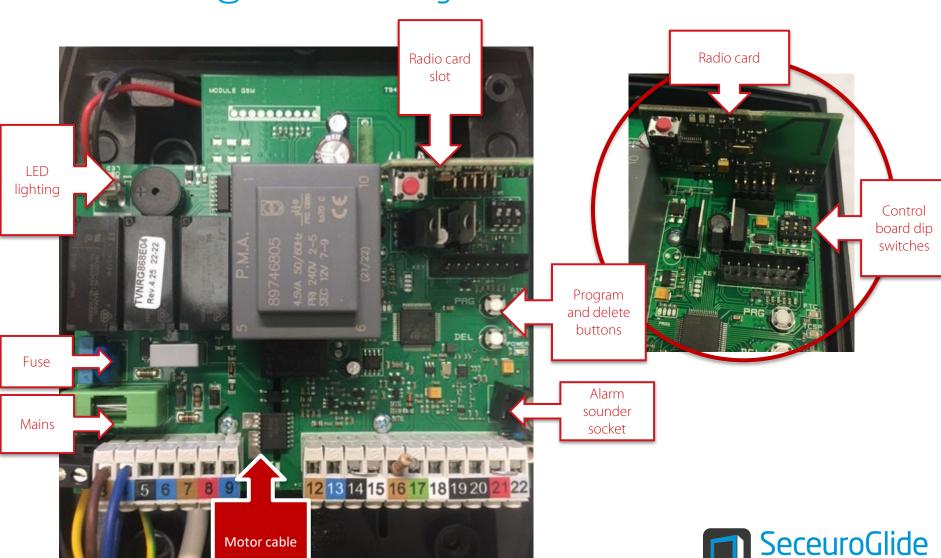
### Setting Motor Limits



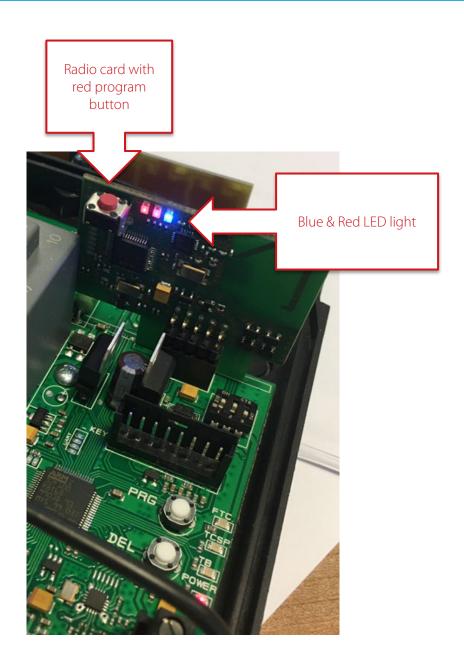
- After you have connect the motor cable to the correct orientation turn the power on.
- The power light (next to the DEL button) should be flashing. If not press both buttons together for 3 seconds.
- Press and hold the DEL button and drive the door to closed position and set the limit.
- Press the PRG button and drive the door to the fully open position and set the limit.
- Once you have set the limits check the limits and then press the PRG/DEL together for 3 seconds to go back to normal running mode.



### Knowing Your Way Around the Board



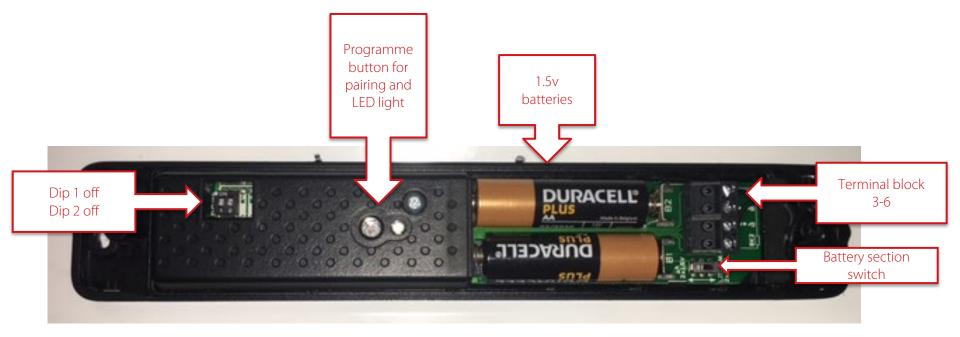
**Roller Garage Doors** 



- Red and Blue light indicates that the card has not been paired with the BST.
- When BST is paired there should only be a blue light flashing!



### New 3.6 volt & 1.5 volt Bottom Slat Transmitter

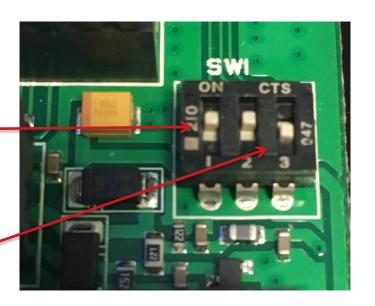


- Ensure that you have chosen the correct battery and switch setting.
- DIP1 off Dip2 off.
- Press and hold the white button to check you have power.



### Dipswitches on Receiver

- The receiver has three dip switches.
- Dip switch 1 and 2 should always be on (in the up position).
- Dip switch 3 is user settable (auto return time on/off.





### What do the Dip Switches Do?

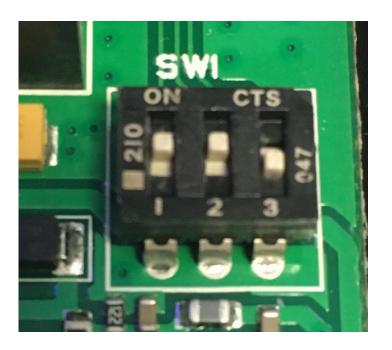
#### Dip Switch 1

This feature is used to <u>disable</u> the safety edge, to be used in exceptional circumstances only!

- On = wireless edge
- Off = wired edge
- Switch power off
- Switch power back on
- Move dipswitch to required position

#### **Verification**

- <u>6 beeps</u> = programmed for wired edge
- 7 beeps = programmed for wireless





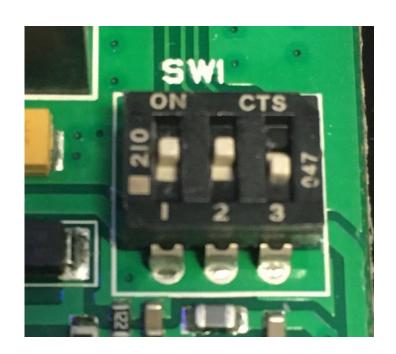
### What do the Dip Switches Do?

#### Dip Switch 2

- On = impulse operation
- Off = deadman operation

#### Dip Switch 3

- On = autoclose activated
- Off = autoclose deactivated

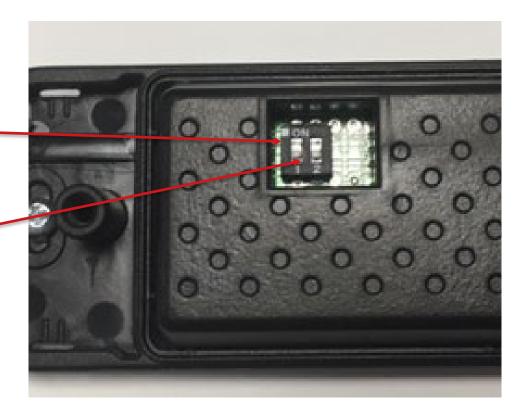




### Dip Switches on Bottom Slat Transmitter

DIP 1 should
 ALWAYS be on for optical edge.

- DIP 2 off
- You cannot preform a DIP 2 test with this button.



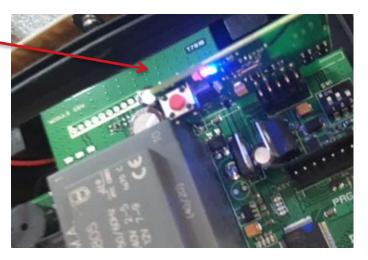


### Testing the Bottom Slat Transmitter and Wiring

The bottom edge can be tested to confirm if the wiring and bottom slat transmitter are functioning correctly.

- Dip 2 on.
- Squeeze firmly the bottom edge rubber.
- Red light on will activate upon each squeeze.
- Turn Dip 2 off.





Pairing the Bottom Slat Transmitter

#### **Action**

Press "P" button on radio card for 2 seconds

Press "P" button on bottom slat transmitter for 2 seconds

#### Verification

Blue light on radio card will start to flash

#### To check if its Paired

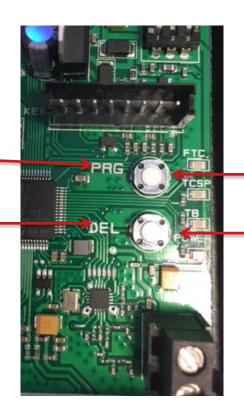
- Press and hold the "P" button on BST
- Solid red LED on the BST = paired
- Flashing LED on the BST = not paired

(leave cover on the BST while pairing)



### The "PRG/DEL" Buttons

- PRG button is used to add transmitter.
- DEL button is for deleting.
- Both pressed together changing mode from Limit setting to normal mode.



Limit setting mode press both buttons together for 3 seconds



### The "Mem" Button Modes

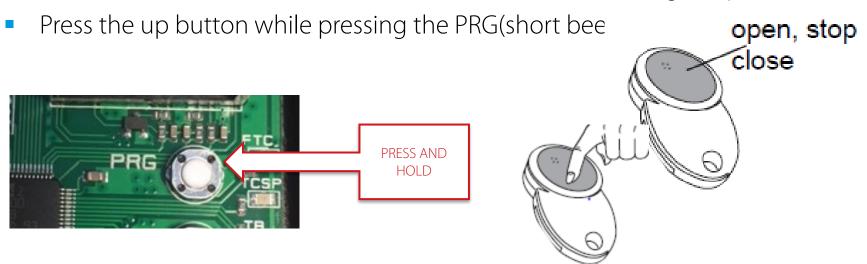
- Mode 1 1 press = Remote operates as up/stop/down all on one button
- Mode 2 2 presses = Remote operates as up on one button/down on another button
- Mode 3 3 presses = Allows a channel on the remote to toggle lights on and off
- Mode 4 4 presses = Deletes a single channel/button
- Mode 5 5 presses = Deletes all channels/buttons
- Mode 6 6 Presses = Codes in a 4 channel remote as up on one button, down on another plus adds a light button and stop button
- Mode 7 7 presses = Used to code in a bi-directional remote control
- Mode 8 8 presses = Used to code in an alarm

### Adding a Transmitter

#### Mode 1 - Up/Stop/Down

#### **Action**

Press and hold "PRG" button on receiver once and hold (long beep)



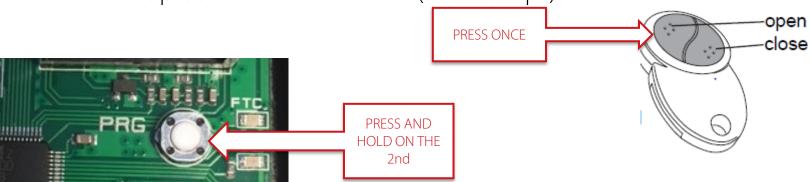


### Adding a Transmitter

#### Mode 2 - Up on one button/Down on another button

#### <u>Action</u>

- Press "Prg" button on receiver twice and hold on the second press (long beep)
- Press the up button on transmitter(short beeps)



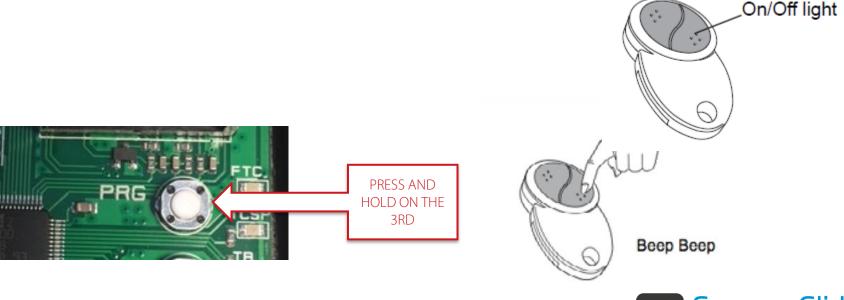


# Programming the Light

#### Mode 3 – Toggle light on and off

#### Action

- Press "PRG" button on receiver three times and hold on the third press
- Press button on transmitter (short beeps)





## Deleting a Channel

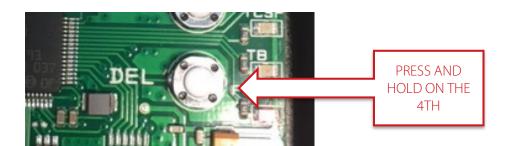
#### Mode 4 – Delete a single channel

#### **Action**

 Press "DEL" button on receiver four times and hold on the fourth press (long slow beeps)

Press relevant button on transmitter to delete that channel (long solid

beep)





# Deleting all Channels

#### Mode 5 – Delete all channel/buttons

#### **Action**

- Press "DEL" button on receiver five times and hold on the fifth press (short beeps for 8 seconds long beep for 2 seconds)
- Release your finger after the long solid beep stops (aprox 10 secs)

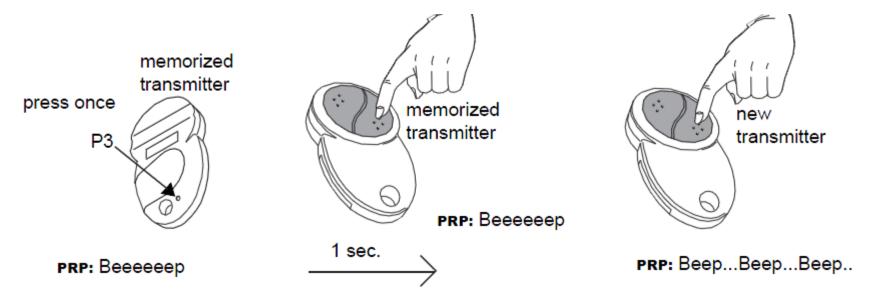




### Programing one remote from another

#### Action power of then back on.

- Press the back of the transmitter "P3" with a paperclip once, then release (long beep)
- Then press the channel on the front of the same transmitter (long beep)
- Now press a button on your new and unused transmitter (short beeps)



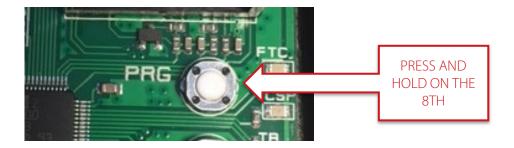


# Adding an Alarm

#### Mode 8 – Adding an alarm to the system

#### **Action**

- Press "PRG" button on receiver eight times and hold on the eighth press (long beep)
- Tap the wireless shock sensor against a hard surface before fitting to the door (short beeps)
- Turn off by pressing the open button on a coded handset.



## Adding an Alarm

- Attach the sensor on the bottom slat next to the CE label.
- Insert the provided battery
- Set the sensitivity accordingly
- Fix to bottom rail

		_	
1	•	3	SWS UK at the state of the stat
1	•	9	SWS LX a hammy go

DIP1	DIP2	Sensibility
Off	Off	High
On	Off	Medium
Off	On	Low
On	On	Low



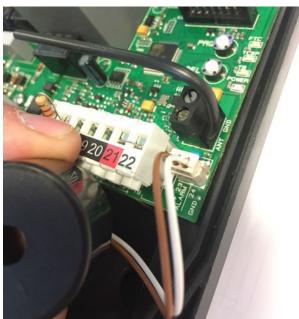
# Adding an Alarm

- The sounder will be provided separately to the receiver
- Simply screw it into the bottom of the receiver (after removing the "knockout"

Plug the pre-connected cable into the terminal marked "alarm"







### Ground Exclusion

**NOTE** The door should be in the closed position when starting this procedure.

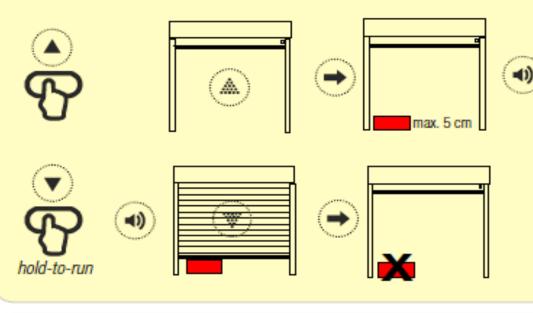
- Switch the power off and back on again.
- Within 30 seconds start the following sequence.
- Press "PRG"10 times in quick succession and hold on the 10th.
- Wait for 3 beeps.
- Open the door fully with a coded transmitter or buttons on the front cover. (long beep)
- Place a 50mm block on the floor and close the door with the remote or the down button onto the block. (do not take your finger off the remote or the down button)
- The door will stop on the block long beep.
- Send the door to the fully open position and remove the block.
- Close door to verify the procedure has worked.



### Ground Exclusion



- Press P1 button ten times and keep it pressed for 5 seconds. The buzzer emits
  - 3 beeps.



Open the door **completely** by means of a memorized transmitter. The buzzer emits a long beep when the upper limit switch is reached. Put on the floor, exactely under the door, a sturdy object not more than 5 cm high. Close the door (in **hold-to-run** mode), with **no interruption**. The door will stop at the obstacle and the control unit will make a long beep. Open the door **completely** and remove the object. Close the door to verify the correct application of the procedure.

#### DEACTIVATION

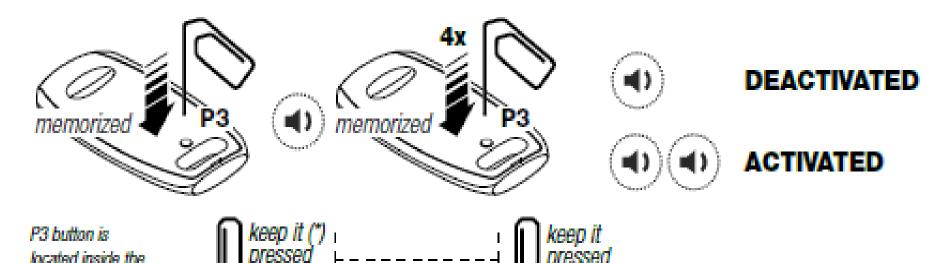


Press P1 button **eleven times** and keep it pressed for **5 seconds**. The buzzer emits 5 beeps.

### Disabling Anti Entrapment

Turn the power off and back on

transmitter





### Programming Wall Transmitter

#### Note

A wall transmitter is nothing more than a fancy looking remote and can be programmed in the same way.

#### Action

Press and hold the "PRG" button on the receiver with either one press or two
depending how you want your wall switch to operate, then press the top
button on the wall transmitter.

#### **Note**

- The wall transmitter can be used to operate the door in up/stop/down or up on one button and down on another.
- The lights can also be operated on the wall transmitter
- Applicable wall transmitters can also show the status of the door eg open/closed etc (by pressing the "ask" button)

## Programming Keypad

#### **Note**

- The keypad operates off a 5-digit code
- Factory code is 12345
- To operate the door, press the code and then number 1

#### <u>Action</u>

- To program the keypad to the door......
- Enter the factory code 12345
- Press and hold the "PRG" button on the receiver
- Press 1 on the keypad (series of short beeps)
- To program the light, press the "PRG" button three times then press the "B" button on the keypad



## Changing Keypad Code

#### <u>Note</u>

- The keypad operates off a 5-digit code
- Factory code is 12345

#### **Action**

- Remove the back cover
- Enter the factory code 12345
- Press the white button on the back of the keypad
- Enter your new 5-digit code
- Re enter your 5-digit code

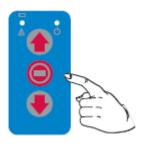


# Activating Holiday Mode

This allows the user to disable the buttons on the front of the receiver.

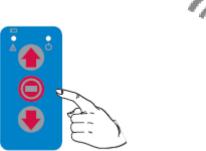
#### To lock

 Press and hold the "stop" button on the front of the receiver for 5 secs (beep) The led will flash slowly to indicate that the unit is in holiday mode



#### To unlock

- Press and hold the "stop" button on the front of the receiver for 5 secs (beep)
- Now press the button on your master remote control (beep)
- The door is now out of holiday mode







### Troubleshooting – Beeps!

- 1 beep Faulty controller. Replace board.
- 2 beeps Check that the motor is connected.
  - Check that the wiring is correct.
  - Check that both limits have been set.
  - Reconnect the test lead, check the limits and repower the board.
- 3 beeps No transmitters added.
- 4 beeps Too many transmitters added.

**NOTE** – The door can be used in hold to run by simply pressing and holding the operating button for 5 seconds



### Troubleshooting – Beeps!

#### 5 beeps

- Press and hold the "P" button on the BST.
- If the LED flashes check wiring.
- Re-pair with Radio card.
- Check for any damage to the Rubber edge.
- The LED should be solid!
- Test the rubber edge by squeezing the rubber and watching the radio card.





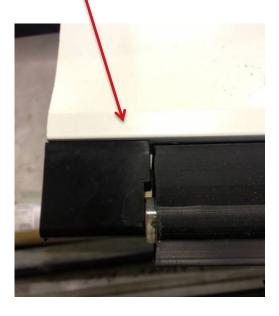
# Troubleshooting – Beeps!

#### 5 beeps

- Is the bottom slat transmitter (BST) correctly wired, check that the wires are securely in place and that the colours match the corresponding numbers.
- Make sure the batteries in the BST are located correctly, remove them and re-insert.
- Check dip switch 1 on bottom slat transmitter is set to on.
- Look for damage to the cables as they enter the bottom slat transmitter.







Sequence	Meaning	Solution
1 costant beep (continuous or	Faulty control unit	Replace the control unit
intermittent)		
2 beeps	Motor problem	- Set the limit switches
		- The thermal protection could be activated. Wait while the
		motor cools down.
		- Check the motor connection
		- Test the motor separately by means of a proper tool
3 beeps at	Radio receiver is empty	Memorize at least one transmitter
startup		
4 beeps	Radio receiver is full	Max. number of transmitters exceeded
5 beeps	Safety test failure: wired	- Check the rubber profile general condition
(L2 = ON)	safety edge	- Check photocells alignment and the connections
5 beeps	Safety test failure:	Control unit checks
(see also the 🗥	wireless safety edge	- The radio card (master) must be correctly inserted in the
led on the front	system	plug: check all the pins
cover)		- The radio card (master) must be paired with the bottom slat
		transmitter (slave)
		Bottom slat transmitter checks
		- Check type, polarity and charge level of the batteries
		- Check functionality by pressing the button
		- Check the DIP1 position (at par. 2.2)
		<ul> <li>Check wiring between bottom slat transmitter and sensitive edge (terminals and wire colour)</li> </ul>
		Sensitive edge checks
		- Check the rubber profile general condition
		- Check the functionality by means of the testing procedure
		with DIP2 (at par. 2.2)
5 quick beeps	Low batteries in the	Replace the batteries as soon as possible. Pay attention to
every 5 seconds		the polarity.
6 beeps	Safety test failure:	Check the safety device connected and the connections
(L3 = ON)	emergency STOP (TB)	
8 beeps	Limit switch error: the	Check the limit switches and, in case, set them again
	manoeuvre exceeded	
	the working time.	
9/10 beeps	One of the relay is	Replace the control unit
	defective (see the	
	diagram at page 7)	

